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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/837,437	04/18/2001	Michael P. Etgen	RSW9-2001-0006-US1	3954
7590 11/19/2004		EXAMINER		
Gregory S. Bernabeo, Esq.			MUHEBBULLAH, SAJEDA	
Synnestvedt &	Lechner LLP			
2600 Aramark Tower			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1101 Market Street			2174	
Philadelphia, P	A 19107-2950		D. T. L. L. L. D. 11/10/000	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s) 09/837,437 ETGEN ET AL. **Advisory Action** Examiner **Art Unit** Sajeda Muhebbullah 2174 --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 08 July 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)] a) The period for reply expires _____months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. 2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because: (a) they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below); (c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) ____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment

5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the

6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly

7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

8. The drawing correction filed on ____ is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.

9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

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10. Other: _

NOTE: See Continuation Sheet.

canceling the non-allowable claim(s).

Claim(s) allowed: _____.

Claim(s) objected to: _____.

application in condition for allowance because:

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.

Claim(s) rejected: 1,3,6,8-9,11 and 14-31.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:

3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): _____.

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Continuation of 2. NOTE: With regards to applicant's correction to the claim 16 objection, the limitations found in the amended claim 16 do not place the claim in condition for allowance since they are similar in scope to the limitations of claim 11 and therefore would be rejected under similar rationale.

Applicants' arguments in the Amendment have been considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argued the following:

a)The cited art does not teach the selected portion scaled to fill the display window of a certain size.Rowe shows only a reduced scale image of a portion of a second page and has no relation to a selected image portion and Warnock has no relation to a slider and does not disclose that any selected portion may be enlarged.

- b) No motivation to combine Paal, Rowe or Warnock.
- c) None of the cited art discloses two distinct sliders.
- d) No disclosure of two separate configured sliders capable of resizing in one of two orthogonal directions.
- e) A second portion that is positioned outside of and adjacent to the image is not taught in the cited art.
- f) A display area that does not change in size is not taught in Paal or Warnock.

The Examiner disagrees for the following reasons:

Per a) In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Per b) In response to applicant's argument that there is no motivation to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, all of the cited references teach a method of viewing documents.

Per c) and d) As indicated in the rejection, Paal teaches the use of sliding vertically and horizontally as well as being able to scroll only in a single direction by constraining one of the sliding directions. Therefore there exist two different sliders, one for horizontal sliding and one for vertically (Paal, col.11, lines 52-68).

Per e) As indicated in the rejection, Paal teaches the second portion adjacent to the image (Paal, fig.10, col.5, lines 5-40) Per f) In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e.,display area that does not change in size) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).